110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. RES. 288

Designating September 2007 as "National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 1, 2007

Mr. Sessions (for himself, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Inhofe, Ms. Landrieu, Mr. Specter, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Chambliss, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Crapo, Mrs. Feinstein, Mrs. Dole, and Ms. Snowe) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

RESOLUTION

Designating September 2007 as "National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month".

- Whereas countless families in the United States live with prostate cancer;
- Whereas 1 in 6 men in the United States will be diagnosed with prostate cancer in his lifetime;
- Whereas over the past decade, prostate cancer has been the most commonly diagnosed non-skin cancer and the second most common cause of cancer-related deaths among men in the United States;
- Whereas, in 2007, according to estimates from the American Cancer Society, over 218,890 men in the United States

- will be diagnosed with prostate cancer and 27,050 men in the United States will die of prostate cancer;
- Whereas 30 percent of new diagnoses of prostate cancer occur in men under the age of 65;
- Whereas a man in the United States turns 50 years old about every 14 seconds, increasing his odds of developing cancer, including prostate cancer;
- Whereas African-American males suffer a prostate cancer incidence rate up to 65 percent higher than White males and double the mortality rates;
- Whereas obesity is a significant predictor of the severity of prostate cancer and the probability that the disease will lead to death;
- Whereas if a man in the United States has 1 family member diagnosed with prostate cancer, he has double the risk of prostate cancer, if he has 2 family members with such diagnoses, he has 5 times the risk, and if he has 3 family members with such diagnoses, he then has a 97 percent risk of prostate cancer;
- Whereas screening by both a digital rectal examination (DRE) and a prostate specific antigen blood test (PSA) can diagnose the disease in earlier and more treatable stages and reduce prostate cancer mortality;
- Whereas ongoing research promises further improvements in prostate cancer prevention, early detection, and treatments; and
- Whereas educating people in the United States, including health care providers, about prostate cancer and early detection strategies is crucial to saving the lives of men and preserving and protecting families: Now, therefore, be it

1	Resolved, That the Senate—
2	(1) designates September 2007 as "National
3	Prostate Cancer Awareness Month";
4	(2) declares that the Federal Government has a
5	responsibility—
6	(A) to raise awareness about the impor-
7	tance of screening methods for, and treatment
8	of, prostate cancer;
9	(B) to increase research funding that is
10	commensurate with the burden of the disease so
11	that the screening and treatment of prostate
12	cancer may be improved, and so that the causes
13	of, and a cure for, prostate cancer may be dis-
14	covered; and
15	(C) to continue to consider ways for im-
16	proving access to, and the quality of, health
17	care services for detecting and treating prostate
18	cancer; and
19	(3) requests the President to issue a proclama-
20	tion calling on the people of the United States, inter-
21	ested groups, and affected persons—
22	(A) to promote awareness of prostate can-
23	cer;
24	(B) to take an active role in the fight to
25	end the devastating effects of prostate cancer

1	on individuals, their families, and the economy;
2	and
3	(C) to observe National Prostate Cancer
4	Awareness Month with appropriate ceremonies
5	and activities

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